

Cambridge International AS & A Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9618/12

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals

October/November 2021

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75



This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 10 printed pages.

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Cambridge International AS & A Level – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

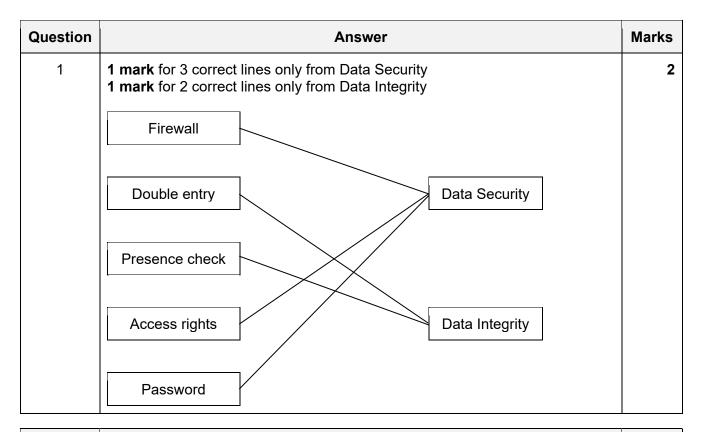
GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question				Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark	for eac	n complete	ely correct truth table	2
	NOR				
	A	В	Output		
	0	0	1		
	0	1	0		
	1	0	0		
	1	1	0		
	NAND				
	Α	В	Output		
	0	0	1		
	0	1	1		
	1	0	1		
	1	1	0		

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	1 mark for each correct bullet point	2
	 NOT (A AND B) // A NAND B NOT the result AND C // the result NAND C 	
	Å ————————————————————————————————————	
	C -	
	OR	
	Å Do	
	· ×	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1 mark for each bullet point to max 3	3
	 The microphone has a diaphragm / ribbon The incoming sound waves cause vibrations of the diaphragm causing a coil to move past a magnet // causing a magnet to move past a coil (dynamic microphone) // changing the capacitance (condenser microphone) // deforms the crystal (crystal microphone) An electrical signal is produced 	
3(b)(i)	1 mark for identification of star topology	2
	1 mark for justification Devices are connected directly to the <u>router</u> independently // all devices are only connected to the <u>router</u>	
3(b)(ii)	1 mark for each correct function to max 3	3
	 To receive packets from devices or the Internet To forward / route packets to the destination To find the destination of the packet To assign / allocate private IP addresses to devices on LAN To store / update / maintain a routing table To find the most efficient path to the destination To maintain a table of MAC and IP addresses 	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	205	1
4(b)	–51	1
4(c)	CD	1
4(d)	1 mark for:	1
	The denary value in each group of 4 bits is greater than 9 // the denary value in each nibble is greater than 9	
4(e)(i)	1 mark for working, 1 mark for answer	2
	0011 1101 +0010 1101 0110 1010 111 1 1	
4(e)(ii)	1 mark for working, 1 mark for answer	2
	0011 1101 +1101 0011 (two's complement) 0001 0000 1111 111	

Question	Answer					
5(a)	1 mark for each description,1 mark for each valid example					
	Term Description Example from logo					
	Property	data about the shapes // defines one aspect of the appearance of the drawing object	e.g. black line // white fill // black fill //solid (line) // font of letter // colour of triangle			
	Drawing list	the list of shapes involved in an image // a list that stores the command/description required to draw each object	e.g. triangle // capital letter R // rectangle // line			

Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)(i)	1 mark for each bullet point to max 2 for each difference	4
	Bitmap made up of pixels // bitmap is made of colours stored for individual pixels	
	Vector graphic store a set of instructions about how to draw the shape	
	 When bitmap is enlarged the pixels get bigger and it pixelates When vector is enlarged it is recalculated and does not pixelate 	
	Bitmap files are usually bigger than vector graphics files because of the need to store data about each pixel	
	Vector graphics have smaller file size because they contain just the instructions to create the shapes	
	 Bitmap images can be compressed with significant reduction in file size Vector graphic images do not compress well because of little redundant data 	
5(b)(ii)	1 mark for each bullet point to max 2 for each method	4
	 Reduce bit depth reduces the number of bits per colour / pixel which means each pixel has fewer bits 	
	 Reduce colour palette // reduce number of colours fewer colours mean fewer bits needed to store each colour 	
	 Reduce image resolution fewer pixels per unit measurement means less binary to store 	

Question	Answer			Marks	
6(a)(i)	1 mark for 1 tick in the correct place 2 marks for all 3 ticks correct				2
		Norm	alisation	stage	
	Task	0NF to 1NF	1NF to 2NF	2NF to 3NF	
	Remove any partial key dependencies		✓		
	Remove any repeating groups of attributes	✓			
	Remove any non-key dependencies			✓	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(ii)	1 mark for each correct relationship	3
	PLANT CUSTOMER	
	PURCHASE_ITEM PURCHASE	
6(b)	mark for description of purpose Stores metadata about the database	3
	 1 mark for each example of contents to max 2 e.g. field / attribute names table name validation rules data types primary keys // foreign keys relationships 	
6(c)(i)	1 mark for each correctly completed space	4
	SELECT SUM(Quantity) FROM PURCHASE_ITEM WHERE PurchaseID = "3011A";	
6(c)(ii)	1 mark per bullet point	3
	 ALTER TABLE PURCHASE ADD OrderDate Suitable data type, e.g. DATE 	
	ALTER TABLE PURCHASE ADD OrderDate DATE;	

Question	Answer				Marks
7(a)	1 mark per pair of rows (shaded & unshaded)				
	Event	Hardware Interrupt	Software Interrupt		
	Buffer full		✓		
	Printer is out of paper	✓			
	User has pressed a key on the keyboard	✓] 1	
	Division by zero		✓		
	Power failure	✓			
	Stack overflow		✓		
7(b)	 1 mark for each bullet point to max 4 Storage space is divided into file allocate Space is allocated to particular files Maintains / creates directory structures Specifies the logical method of file storate Provides file naming conventions Controls access // implements access reprotection // Makes file sharing possible Specifies tasks that can be performed copy, create, move etc.) 	nge (e.g. FAT	ments pass		4
7(c)	 1 mark for identifying program 1 mark for dee.g. Defragmentation Less time is taken to access files becauthere is less head movement Virus checker makes more RAM available for program because it removes software that migreplicating Disk repair / Disk contents analysis preventing bad sectors being used becauted access times by optimising stores. Disk/system clean up releases storage by removing unwanted 	ise each one is to run ight be taking ause it identif	is contiguo up memory ies / marks	us so	4

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Question		Answer		Marks	
8(a)(i)	 1 mark for each bullet point to max 2 for each register MAR Stores the next <u>address</u> to be fetched held in the Program Counter (PC) The data at this address is then fetched MDR Stores the data from the address pointed to by the MAR The data in it is copied to the Current Instruction Register (CIR) 				
8(a)(ii)	1 mark for a correct register e.g. Program Counter (PC) Current Instruction Register (CIR) Status register Interrupt register				
8(b)(i)	1 mark for each correct answer				
	Current contents of the ACC	Instruction	New contents of the ACC		
	01010101	XOR 101	1010 0101		
	11110000	AND 104	1111 0000		
	00001111	LSL #4	1111 0000		
	11111111	OR 102	1111 1111		
8(b)(ii)	1 mark for each correct in	nstruction		4	
	Instruction (Group	Instruction		
	Data movement		LDM #2		
	Input and output of data		IN / OUT		
	Arithmetic Operations		INC ACC / INC IX		
	Unconditional and condi	tional instructions	JPN 100 / JMP 100		
	Compare instructions		CMP 100		

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Question	Answer	Marks
8(b)(iii)	1 mark for name, 1 mark for description	2
	 Indirect addressing the address to be used is at the given address 	
	 Relative addressing the address to be used is an offset number of locations away, relative to the address of the current instruction 	
	 Indexed addressing form the address from the given address plus the contents of the index register 	